

On-Farm Comparison Results

- MULLIKEN

Nebraska Soybean & Feed Grains Profitability Project

Years: 2003, 2005

Title: Time of Soybean Residue Removal on Corn Performance

Crop: Corn

NSFGPP Operator: Jerry Mulliken, Dodge County

Private Industry Cooperator: Jerry Mulliken

Objective: To determine and document the influence of time of

removal of existing soybean residue on the profitability

of producing corn.

Treatments: Removing existing soybean residue and planting

vs. planting into strips where the residue is removed two weeks prior to planting (removed when early preplant herbicide is applied).



On-Farm Comparison Results

- MULLIKEN

Nebraska Soybean & Feed Grains Profitability Project

Results: 2003 (GH 8906)

Residue Removal

<u>Variable</u>	At Planting	Early	Prob >/T/
Yield, bu/ac at 15.5%	103	105	0.659 ns
Moisture, %	12.4	12.6	0.033 **
Test Wt., lbs/bu	57.9	58.2	0.030 **
Pop., 1000 plants/ac	22.2	22.3	0.857 ns

Results: 2005 (Pioneer 33B51)

Residue Removal

<u>Variable</u>	<u>None</u>	At Planting	Early	Prob >/F/
Yield, bu/ac at 15.5%	102	109	112	0.140 ns
Moisture, %	134	13.4	13.5	0.883 ns
Pop., 1000 plants/ac	25.4	25.2	25.2	0.904 ns
Cost/ac		\$1.00	\$1.00	



On-Farm Comparison Results

- MULLIKEN

Nebraska Soybean & Feed Grains Profitability Project

Summary

Early removal of soybean residue resulted in slightly higher moisture at harvest and slightly higher test weight in 2003. Row cleaning had no significant effect on corn growth in 2005.