## **High vs. Low Plant Populations in Corn**

## **Dale Rolofson**

**OBJECTIVE:** To determine and document the profitability of high versus low planting populations in corn.

HIGH POPULATION

LOW POPULATION

<u> 1995</u>

**Treatment:** 

Treatment:

Plant population (seeds/acre): 24,500

## <u>1996</u>

Entire area planted to soybeans. No treatments were applied. Objective was to check residual effects of 1995 corn and to evaluate a yield monitor vs. weigh wagon.

<u>1997</u>

<u> 1997</u>

Plant population (seeds/acre): 30,000

Plant population (seeds/acre): 21,000

Plant population (seeds/acre): 18,200

Comparative cost (per	acre)	Comparative cost	Comparative cost (per acre)	
	<u>1995</u>		<u>1995</u>	
Seed	\$26.57	Seed	\$18.34	
	<u>1997</u>		<u>1997</u>	
Seed	\$29.86	Seed	\$20.70	

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VARIABLE	1995 CORN	1996 SOYBEANS	1997 CORN
Moisture (%)	121***	0.7	127
Low Population	13.4	9.7 9.7	13.7
Test Weight (pounds/bushel)			
High Population	56.9 ***	N/A	58.7
Low Population	58.2	N/A	58.6
Yield (bushel/acre)			
High Population	126	53	170**
Low Population	133	53	163
Plants per acre			
High population			26,400
Low population			18,300

<u>1996</u>	Scale	<u>Monitor</u>	
Yield	52.7	54.1 **	

\*\* significantly different at 95% confidence level \*\*\* significantly different at 99% confidence level

Summary: In 1995, both test weight and moisture were significantly different at the 99% confident level. The low population yield narrowly missed being significant at the 90% confidence level. In 1996, no residual effects were found. Yields measure by monitor were slightly higher than where weigh wagon was used. Grain yield was increased in 1997 by using the higher planting rate.