

Communication Toolbox: Building Effective Strategies for Alcohol and Drug Prevention Communication

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Jenny Damask, EdD

she/her

Assistant Director for High-Risk Drinking Prevention University Health Services

Special Thanks

Alison Thumel

Health Communication Strategist University Health Services

Learning outcomes

Understand the importance of strategic communication

as part of a broader alcohol and drug prevention strategy.



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Learn the key elements required for effective drug and alcohol communication

in order to build a proactive, evidence-based, and audiencerelevant communication strategy for your organization.



See strategic communication planning in action consider how these strategies may apply to your organization's alcohol and drug prevention goals.

Communication Toolbox

Introduction

Communication for behavior change Tools for communication planning Try it out

Our campus: The University of Wisconsin-Madison



Location: Madison, WI

Type: Public

Undergraduates: 35,665

- 44% in-state
- 9% international

Division: Big 10 Research 1

Alcohol and Drug Prevention



Full-service student health center, student fee-funded.

Areas of student support:

Medical – Mental Health – Prevention

Suicide Prevention Violence Prevention Alcohol and Drug Prevention **47%** of students drink at high risk

30% of students use nicotine or tobacco

2

40% use cannabis



Data from 2021 ACHA NCHA Survey

Icebreaker

How confident do you feel in communication planning?

Raise
your1 – a bit shaky
5 – I've mastered it

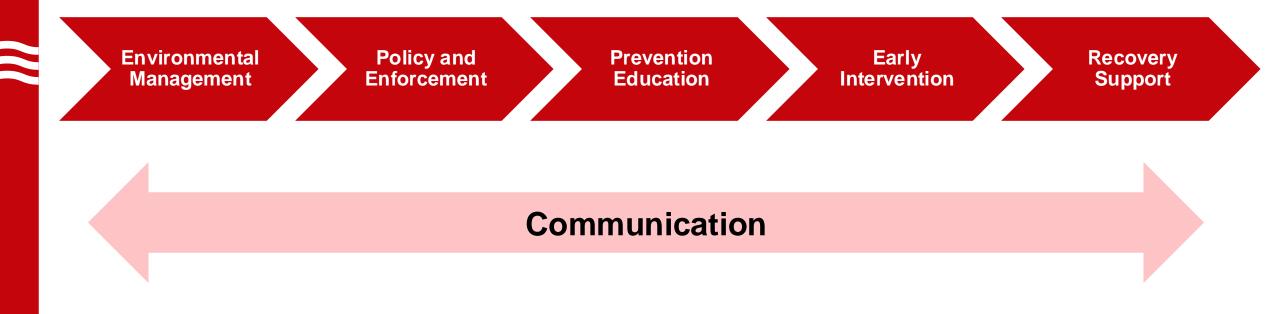


Communication Toolbox

Introduction <u>Communication for behavior change</u> Tools for communication planning Try it out

Communication is part of all areas of prevention

Alcohol and Drug Prevention Activities



Communication supports behavior change

Change Management Principles

- Communicate about the change
- Involve stakeholders at all levels of the organization
- Focus on organizational culture, mission and vision
- Provide encouragement and incentives to change

Communicating for Change

And do it continuously!

Not just students

Consistent messaging across organization

Know what's motivating

Communication Toolbox

Introduction Communication for behavior change <u>Tools for communication planning</u> Try it out

Case study: Narcan on campus

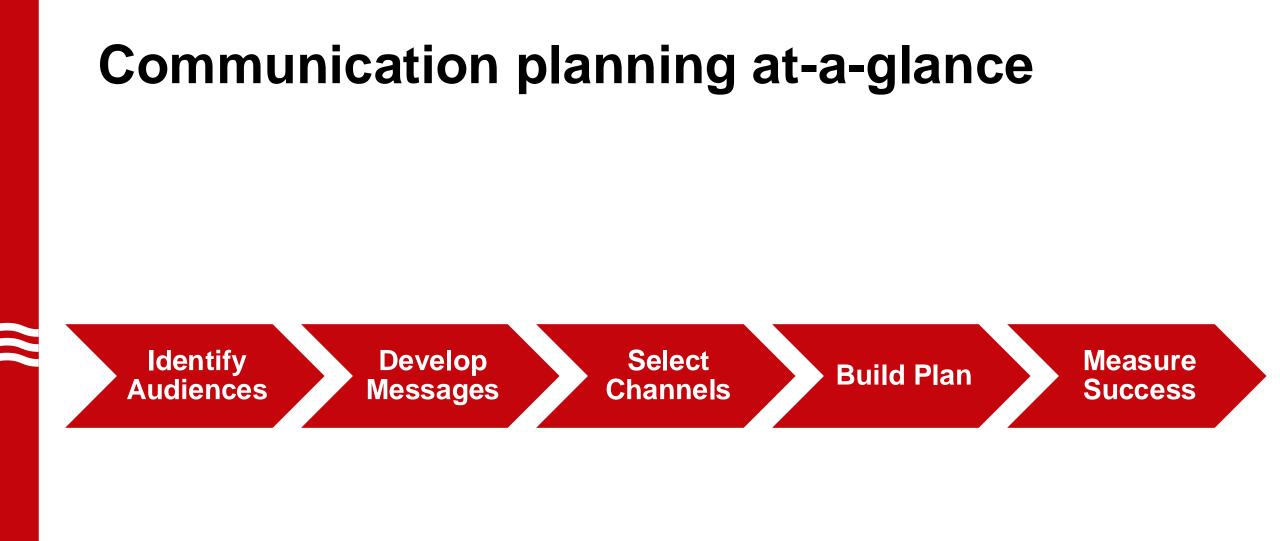
About the Project

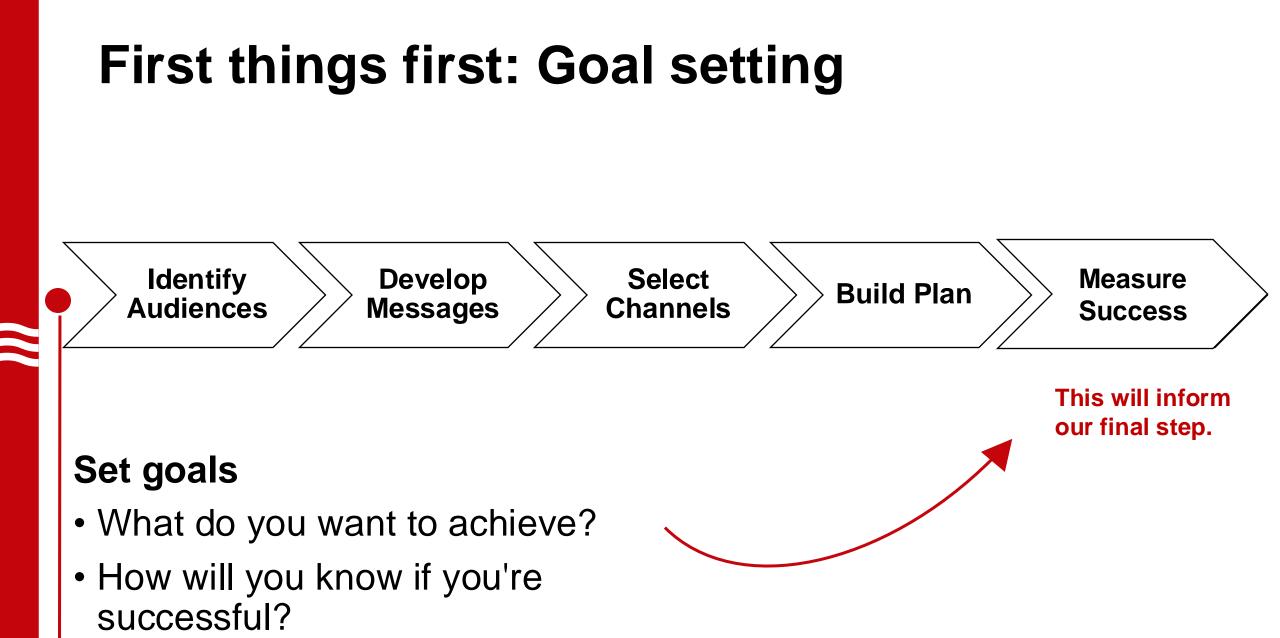
In the fall of 2022, UW-Madison installed 12 boxes containing Narcan in campus Housing. In August 2023, UW-Madison installed 13 additional boxes, for a total of 25 boxes throughout campus, including library, gym, and Union locations.

This change made Narcan available and easily accessible to the entire campus community, including faculty, staff, and students not living in campus housing.

UHS aimed to announce the change, expand overdose awareness, and educate the campus community on where to find and how to use Narcan on campus.









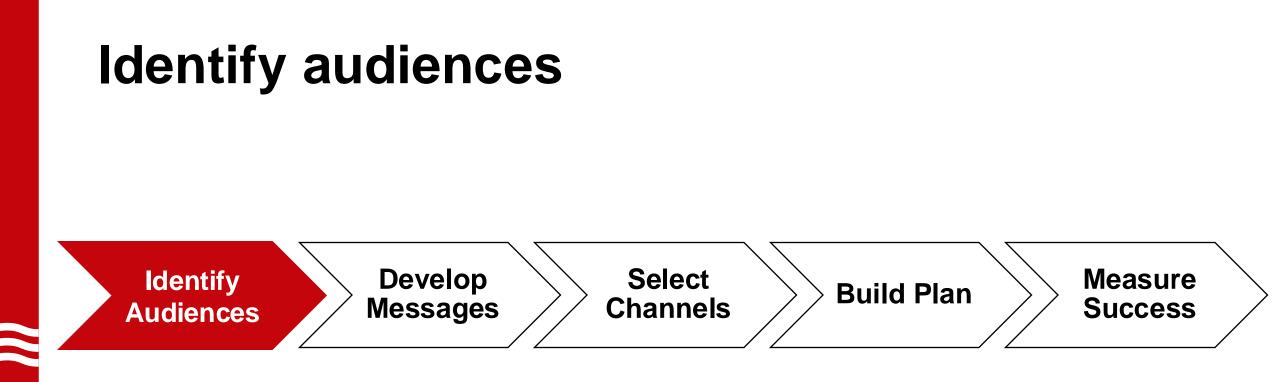
Background

- What are you working on?
- What problems are you trying to solve?
- Communication Goals
 What do you hope to achieve?
 What do you hope to achieve?
 SMART (Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant, Time-based)
 Measurement

Set Goals

Case Study: Narcan on campus

Background	Communication Goals	Measurement
In 2022 and 2023, UW-Madison installed a total of 25 boxes throughout campus, including library, gym, and Union locations. This change made Narcan available	Inform students, faculty, and staff of on-campus Narcan availability	Pageviews Reach Social media engagement
and easily accessible to the entire campus community, including faculty, staff, and students.	Increase access to Narcan on campus	Box utilization
UHS aimed to announce the change, expand overdose awareness, and educate the campus community on where to find Narcan on campus.	Promote overdose awareness	AlcoholEdu data NCHA data



• Who are you trying to reach?

- What unique needs do different parts of your population have?
- Who can help you achieve your prevention goals?



Communication is not just education Different audiences have different needs



need to be aware













Audiences and Stakeholders					
Students	Faculty and staff	Campus Health	Other groups (outside the university)		
	University leadership	Other campus orgs			

Identify Audiences

Case Study: Narcan on campus

Audiences and Stakeholders

Students	Faculty and staff	UHS	Other groups (outside the university)
 All undergraduate students First-year students Transfer students International students 	 Undergraduate instructors Graduate TAs New instructors Student academic advisors 	 Medical staff Mental health staff Prevention Staff Other campus organizations 	 Media Parents of students Madison community members
 Student organizations and groups Fraternities and sororities 	 Departmental advisors Library staff University leadership 	□Student Affairs □Facilities Planning & Management	
 Peer educators Resident assistants Students in recovery Students at risk of overdose 	erdose Chancellor Mnookin UHS leadership Dean of Students Departmental deans Associated Students of Madison (ASM)	 Recreation and Wellbeing University Housing Wisconsin Voices for Recovery University Communications Wisconsin Union 	



Case Study: Narcan on campus

INFORM

All students, faculty, and staff

INFLUENCE

People at risk of overdose People who know someone at risk of overdose

INVOLVE

Box site staff Student organizations Campus leadership



Understanding your audiences

Feedback channels like focus groups or surveys can help you find out what resonates:

- Prior knowledge
- •Beliefs and biases
- •Language and terminology
- Access to information/channels

Low capacity options:

- Use existing
 groups/channels
- Consider informal feedback
- Lean on campus partners

Develop messages Select Identify Develop Measure **Build Plan** Audiences Channels Success

Messages

- What messages are needed for audiences with each type of involvement?
- What messages are the same across groups? What messages differ?





Messaging				
What does [AUDIENCE] need to KNOW ?	\rightarrow	What does [AUDIENCE] need to FEEL ?	\rightarrow	What does [AUDIENCE] need to DO ?

Case Study: Narcan on campus

Messaging

What do students need to KNOW?

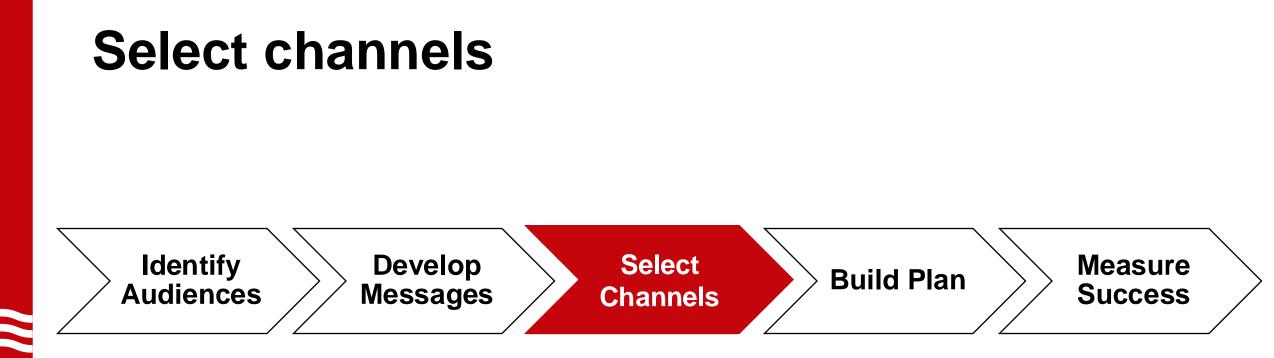
Develop

Messages

- Narcan is free and easily accessible to them for emergency use or to take and carry in case of an emergency
- Where Narcan is located on campus
- How to use Narcan
- Signs of overdose
- Risks of fentanyl and opioid overdose (including drug lacing)

- → What do students need to FEEL?
 - They have the power, knowledge, and ability to save a life
 - Overdose is an issue that could affect them or someone they know—it is not a far-away or unrealistic issue
 - Narcan is safe and highly effective at reversing an opioid overdose
 - It is important to be prepared and act quickly in the case of overdose

- \rightarrow What do students need to **DO**?
 - Recognize the signs of overdose
 - Locate their nearest Narcan box location
 - Carry Narcan with them (as a preventive measure) if they or a friend/peer are at risk of overdose
 - Administer Narcan in an emergency and call 911



- How will you reach each audience?
- What channels exist within your organization?
- Can you utilize existing modes of communication?

What channels can you look for?

Social Media

• Instagram

Select

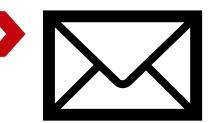
Channels

- Twitter
- Facebook



Newsletters and Email Lists

- Advisors
- Departments
- University





Print

- Posters
- Postcards
- Flyers
- Stickers





Keep in mind: You can ask your campus partners what channels exist in their area!

Digital

• Websites





Campus News

- Press releases
- Student newspapers



Communication Channels Inventory				
Channels	Audience	Description	Timing/Frequency	

Case Study: Narcan on campus

Communication Channels Inventory					
Channels	Audience	Description	Timing/Frequency		
Talking points	Campus partners	Provide consistent messaging on the change	August launch		
Press release	Students, faculty, staff, visitors, media	Announce additional boxes on campus	August – in line with Overdose Awareness Day		
Posters	Students in housing, box sites	 Promote box locations (with QR code) and increase awareness of signs of overdose 	Throughout fall semester		
Social media	Followers	Announce additional boxesIncrease awareness of signs of overdose	Overdose Awareness Day Throughout fall semester		
Newsletters/email listservs	Students in Housing Grad students Teaching instructors Faculty/staff	 Broad and targeted distribution of information and resources throughout campus community 	Housing: weekly GradConnections: weekly		
Webpages	Students, faculty, staff, visitors	Provide information, FAQs, and campus map	August launch		
Online map	Students, faculty, staff, visitors	 Provide overview of where boxes are located on campus 	August launch		

Build communication plan



- How can you bring together the pieces of your plan?
- What events on and off campus can you tie your communications to?

Build Plan



EVENTS							
		JULY	AUG	SEPT	ОСТ	NOV	DEC
		Summe	er Break		Fall Se	emester	
S	Emails						
	Newsletters						
СНР	News Articles						
MUNICATION TOUCHPOINTS	Print Materials						
TION	Other						
IICA.							
NUN	Outreach Events						

COMMI

Social Media

Build Plan



				 Add key dates and events on and off campus, like On-campus events, including academic calendar changes, hot spots, etc. National events that provide opportunities for cross
	JULY	AUG	SEP	
	Sun	nmer Break		 Key events related to your project
Emails Newsletters News A 2 Print Materi Add char	channels fro	-		3 Add communication items to the matrix, aligning with key dates. If it's helpful, you can color-code based on audience.
Other Outreach Events	If releva	ant for your	•	on, you can also nedia activities.
Social Media				

Case study: Narcan on campus

Digital Communications

- Press release
- Box location digital screens
- Campus partner email and resource package
- Box location list
- Talking points and FAQs
- Campus newsletters
- Website pages
- Narcan map
- Social Media



EAGLE H

In October 2022, 12 naloxone boxes were installed in University Housing. In August 2023, UW-Madison added 13 more locations on campus to ensure the entire campus community has access to this lifesaving measure

opioid overdose

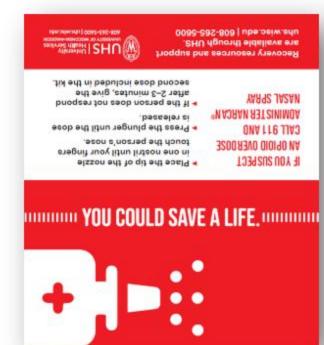
In recent years, deaths related to opioid misuse have grown significantly. In particular, there has been a sharp spike in overdose deaths attributed to synthetic opioids like fentanyl including deaths among students at college. Among young adults, fentanyl-lacing has become a serious concern for people who use controlled substances or misuse drugs without a prescription. Fentanyl has been found mixed in with other drugs, including cannabis, cocaine, and in counterfeit

Webpage with Map

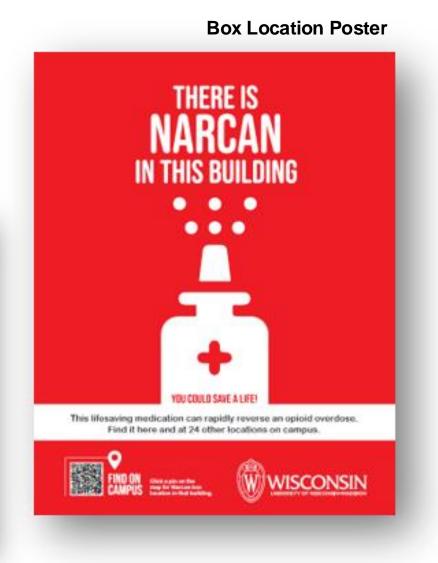
Case Study: Narcan on campus

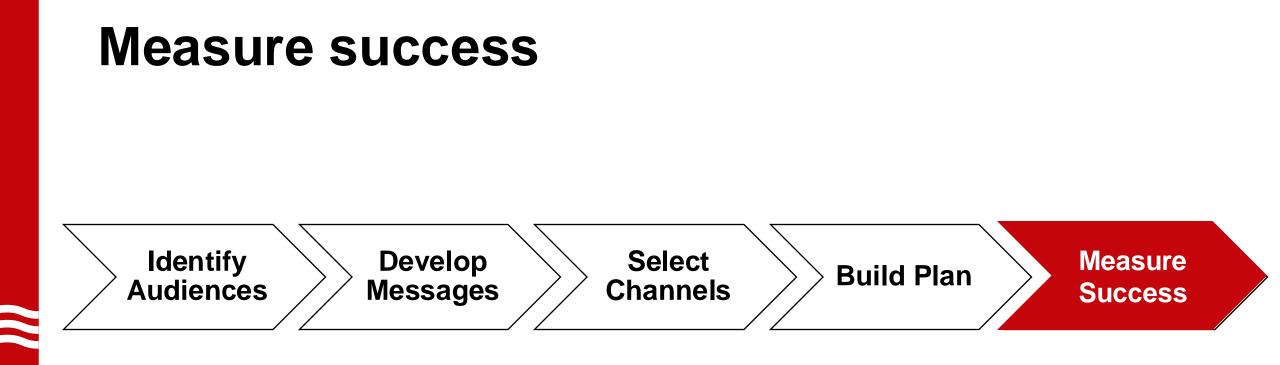
Print Communications

- Overdose awareness posters
- Naloxone wallet cards
- Box location posters



Wallet Card





- What were your goals?
- How will you know if you achieved them?
- What are ways you can measure this?



Goals	Measurement

- What do you hope to achieve?
- SMART (Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant, Time-based)

 Quantitative and qualitative modes of measurement

Measure Success

Case Study: Narcan on campus

Goals	Measurement
Inform students, faculty, and staff of on-campus Narcan availability	 8,278 views of campus map 1,561 views on "Naloxone on Campus" webpage and FAQs from July 2023 to present 386 views on press release 4 media/campus partner inquiries Broad campus newsletter reach, including promotion to all undergraduate and graduate students, faculty and staff
Increase access to Narcan on campus	 Box utilization: 48 boxes opened / 5 doses of Narcan removed since August 2023 (increase from previous year utilization) Interest from campus partners—several partners reached out requesting consideration for additional boxes
Promote overdose awareness	 Over 9,000 students received training on overdose awareness and Narcan availability as part of AlcoholEdu in fall 2023

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Your turn!

SCENARIO: Your university has an on-campus housing requirement for freshman and sophomores.

In recent years, there have been and increase in residents being transported for intoxication.



How would you get started creating a plan for alcohol communications related to this?



Questions?